

WARWICKSHIRE BUDGET 2015/16
MEDIUM TERM FINANCIAL PLAN 2015/16 TO 2019/20

Report of the Treasurer, Director of Finance, Chief Executive and
Chief Constable

Recommendations

The Commissioner is recommended to approve:

- a) *A Net Revenue Budget after savings of £95.088m*
- b) *£5.249m of budget reserve is used within year to manage reductions*
- c) *A net budget requirement of £89.839m*
- e) *A Council Tax for a Band D property at £188.23, an increase of 1.99%.*
- f) *A Council Tax for a Band D property calculated as follows:*

	<i>£m</i>
<i>Budget Requirement</i>	<i>89.839</i>
<i>Less Police Grant</i>	<i>31.214</i>
<i>Less Revenue Support Grant</i>	<i>17.525</i>
<i>Less Council Tax Support Grant</i>	<i>3.910</i>
<i>Less council tax freeze grant:</i>	
<i>2013/14</i>	<i>0.368</i>
<i>2011/12</i>	<i>0.877</i>
<i>Sub Total</i>	<i>35.946</i>
<i>Less: Collection Fund Surplus</i>	<i>0.310</i>
<i>Amount to be raised by Council Tax</i>	<i>35.636</i>
<i>Divided by Aggregate Council Tax Base</i>	<i>£189,320.09</i>
<i>Basic Amount of Council Tax at Band D</i>	<i>£188.23</i>

g) *The consequential Council Tax for each property band will be as follows:*

<i>Band A (6/9th)</i>	<i>£125.489279</i>
<i>Band B (7/9th)</i>	<i>£146.404158</i>
<i>Band C (8/9th)</i>	<i>£167.319038</i>
<i>Band D</i>	<i>£188.233918</i>
<i>Band E (11/9th)</i>	<i>£230.063678</i>
<i>Band F (13/9th)</i>	<i>£271.893437</i>
<i>Band G (15/9th)</i>	<i>£313.723197</i>
<i>Band H (18/9th)</i>	<i>£376.467836</i>

h) *That the Chief Executive to the Office of the Police and Crime Commissioner for Warwickshire be authorised to issue Precepts Notices on the Warwickshire billing authorities as follows:*

<i>North Warwickshire Borough Council</i>	<i>£3,705,674.56</i>
<i>Nuneaton & Bedworth Borough Council</i>	<i>£6,627,245.67</i>
<i>Rugby Borough Council</i>	<i>£6,426,780.31</i>
<i>Stratford Upon Avon District Council</i>	<i>£9,307,564.90</i>
<i>Warwick District Council</i>	<i>£9,569,196.87</i>
TOTAL	£35,636,462.31

i) *The reserve strategy set out in section 6*

j) *The outline capital budget in section 7*

k) *All Officers be instructed to exercise tight budgetary control. No over-spending of the aggregate 2015/16 budget will be authorised and caution will be exercised in entering into expenditure which creates additional commitments in future years. The PCC will be kept fully informed of the financial position throughout the year.*

l) *The prudential indicators at appendix E*

m) *In approving the budget, the PCC notes the Treasurer's comments in section 8 in respect of the robustness of the budget and the adequacy of reserves.*

1. Introduction and background

The purpose of this report is to set out the proposed budget and precept proposals for decision by the Police and Crime Commissioner. It is the third budget report for the Police and Crime Commissioner (PCC) for Warwickshire and will deliver one of the key responsibilities of the PCC under the Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011.

The report sets out the:

- Net budget requirement for 2015/16
- Proposed precept for 2015/16
- Proposed medium term financial plan 2015/16 to 2019/20
- Outline capital budget 2015/16 to 2019/20.

Setting the budget for the next financial year is one of the most important decisions that the Commissioner has to make. It is important therefore to set out the issues that influence and contribute to the build of the budget for 2015/16 and the medium term financial plan, having taken into consideration the plans of the Commissioner.

In determining his budget proposals the Commissioner has to have regard to:

- National targets and objectives including the Strategic Policing Requirement
- The priorities within the police and crime plan and any likely changes to these for 2015/16
- The outcome of public consultation
- The plans and policies of other partner agencies relating to community safety and crime reduction
- The policy of the Government on public spending and the funding framework that arises from this
- The medium term financial obligations
- Prudent use of the financial reserves
- The constant drive for continuous improvement and value for money
- The commitment to support the strategic alliance with West Mercia PCC and the delivery of existing savings plans

As was done last year for the first time, the policing element of this budget, which is the considerable majority of the budget, has been prepared for the Strategic

Alliance with West Mercia as a whole, and the budget requirement apportioned to each Force in accordance with the agreed cost sharing approach.

2. Service Proposals

The Commissioner's first two budgets have included a number of important initiatives for which funding is continuing, namely:-

- The provision of an additional 24 Police Community Support Officers over and above the number planned by the former Police Authority.
- An increase in the amount available for making Community Safety Grants to organisations actively working within local communities to reduce crime.
- The appointment of a number of Community Ambassadors, one for each SNT area, to improve liaison with communities and community groups.
- A significant increase in the number of Special Constables within the Force.
- The acceleration of recruitment to avoid prolonged vacancies in Neighbourhood Policing Teams
- A five year investment in the priority areas of cyber, rural and business crime.
- The establishment of an invest to save fund to enable future savings delivery with minimal adverse impact on service provision.
- Effective commissioning for support facilities for victims of crime.

In the course of putting in place the arrangements for the last of these, commissioning support for victims, the Commissioner has decided that services provided to victims of crime in Warwickshire need to be enhanced in the short term. Consequently, an additional £350,000 of services, over and above the level of Government Grant provided for victims' services, will be funded from the Commissioner's reserves in 2015/16, to ensure that victims of crime in Warwickshire are kept at the very heart of the criminal justice system and have the support they need.

3. How the PCC plans to fund this

Self-evidently, any proposal from the Commissioner has to be funded. It is intended that the proposals contained in this document will be funded from a variety of sources.

1. Through the use of available government grants. The Commissioner receives a number of grants from the Government. The principal grants are:-
 - Police and Revenue Support Grant (the headline figures reduced by £2.624m for 2015/16)
 - Council Tax Support Grant (cash frozen at the 2014/15 level for 2015/16)
 - Council Tax Freeze Grants from 2011/12 and 2013/14 (no change in the amount for 2015/16)
 - Victims Support Grants from the Ministry of Justice

A fuller breakdown of the financial settlement from the Government is contained in Appendix A.

2. By increasing the Council Tax by 1.99%. This increase, coupled with changes in the taxbase to reflect new house building, and including the collection fund surplus, is expected to increase income from council tax by £1.195m. The Government has offered a further freeze grant, equivalent to a 1% increase in council tax, to PCCs who freeze their council tax for 2015/16. This grant is, however, only guaranteed for one year, and further savings over and above the levels outlined in paragraph 5 below would be required after this period. The Commissioner is, therefore, not proposing to take this grant offer.
3. As mentioned earlier, all of the indications are that budget reductions will continue to be the order of the day for some years yet. Further savings of £2.798m in the Warwickshire budget in 2015/16 and 2016/17 are already planned, and their delivery is in progress. Some of these savings have been delivered from a thorough reassessment of the base budget. It is now expected there will be a further savings requirement over the period to the end of 2019/20 of £9.698m for Warwickshire (of which £0.5m for 2015/16 have already been identified) and the Commissioner will be considering proposals for meeting this requirement over the next few months. These proposals are currently being developed by the StraDA (Strengthening and Deepening the Alliance) team. The strategy for the use of reserves referred to in the previous paragraph takes account of the likely delay in getting final confirmation of the scale of the future savings challenge until after the General Election in 2015, when a three year Comprehensive Spending Review is expected to be undertaken for announcement in December 2015.

4. By using the accumulated reserves of the PCC. The Commissioner's reserves are expected to be £33.318m at the start of 2015/16. He plans to use £22.559m of these reserves over a five year period, and on a prudent basis, to support each year's budget. This includes £5.000m over two years, for Operation Devonport, the operation which aims to tackle crime levels in high crime areas. It is possible that underspends may occur in some years, as the Force has a track record in delivering its savings' targets early. Where this happens, the Commissioner's strategy for the use of these underspends, which would otherwise increase reserves, will be to seek to minimise the need to use borrowing to fund capital expenditure.

4. The Revenue Budget.

The following table analyses the changes to the base budget for the Strategic Alliance between 2014/15 and 2015/16, showing the aggregate apportionment of costs between the two areas. Appendix B outlines a summary of the gross expenditure.

Analysis of movement from 2014/15 to 2015/16

	£'m	£'m
2014/15 Base Budget		91.767
<u>Staff pay</u>		
Post changes & staff turnover savings	-0.536	
Increments and pay awards	0.639	
Additional 30 PSIs included for PVP	0.326	
Temporary outside blueprint - HR trainers/Estates/OCC	0.820	
Cost of change / programme team movements	0.129	
		1.377
<u>Officer pay</u>		
Post changes & staff turnover savings	-1.293	
Civilianisation of 5 Constable posts	-0.074	
Pay awards	0.324	
5 additional posts in HiTech Crime Unit	0.082	
HR Trainers (moved to staff pay)	-0.163	
Devonport	2.500	
Succession, temp posts and Strada	0.215	
		1.590
<u>Non-pay inflation</u>		
Contractual price inflation (IT/Fuel/Utilities)	0.244	
Home Office IT budget inflation	0.098	
		0.341
<u>Growth & other additions</u>		
Interim Estates Plan	0.364	
Victim services	0.350	

Approved projects; mainly Data Network Replacement, Digital repository, Public Services Network	0.544	
Increase in ill health retirement provision	0.175	
Increases in costs associated with higher student intake	0.075	
Other growth / additions	0.717	
		2.226
<u>Savings removed from budget</u>		
Increase in income budgets	-0.406	
Property rationalisation & zero based review of estates	-0.204	
Property rationalisation - reduction in rents paid	-0.277	
Increase in rental income - Bromsgrove and Rugby lease	-0.020	
Transport savings - lower vehicle insurance, fuel and maintenance	-0.202	
IT savings from zero based review	-0.273	
Loan interest		
Reduction in Minimum Revenue Provision	-0.384	
Other non-pay savings	-0.448	
		-2.213
2015/16 Base Budget		95.088

5. The Medium Term Financial Plan

The MTFP was agreed in February 2014 and has been updated and refreshed during the year. The new plan has also been extended to include 2019/20.

The key assumptions within the plan are as follows:

Funding

- The precept will increase by around 2% per annum, broadly in line with inflation expectations from 2015/16.
- Council Tax base will also grow by 2% per year.
- General revenue grants will reduce by 3.2% each year, based on the information presented by the Chancellor of the Exchequer in December in the 2014 Autumn Statement.
- The expected review of the grant system after the General Election in May 2015 maintains the levels of support shown in the plan.
- The Council Tax support grant position remains stable, although cash frozen.
- There will be no tightening of the limits on precept increases before a referendum is required.

Costs

- Pay increases by 1.5% per year.
- The impact of the changes in Employers NI resulting from the Pensions Act will be passed on to PCCs in full from 1st April 2016, without a compensating uplift in grant.

The revised MTFP is as follows:

Expenditure	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Base budget before savings	91.767	95.088	95.553	91.526	90.083
Pay and price increases and growths	5.534	0.825	-1.326	1.257	1.332
National insurance		1.484			
Savings plan Phase 1 & other savings	-1.713	-1.085			
Phase 2 savings	-0.500	-0.760	-2.700	-2.700	-3.038
Projected net expenditure	95.088	95.553	91.526	90.083	88.377
Funded by:					
Formula Grant and RSG	48.739	47.179	45.669	44.208	42.793
Council Tax Support Grant	3.910	3.910	3.910	3.910	3.910
Council Tax	35.636	37.057	38.536	40.074	41.673
Council Tax Collection Fund Surplus	0.310				
Council Tax Freeze Grant (2013/14)	0.368				
Council Tax Freeze Grant (2011/12)	0.877				
Total funding	89.839	88.146	88.115	88.192	88.376
Gap to be funded	5.249	7.406	3.411	1.892	0.001
Developments funded from reserves					
Rural, Business and Cyber Crime	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	
Invest to Save	1.000	1.000	0.600		
Total projected reserve use	6.749	8.906	4.511	2.392	0.001

6. Reserves Strategy

The use of a significant proportion of the Commissioner's reserves over the life of the Medium Term Financial Plan is an important element of the financial strategy. The following table shows the full expected deployment of reserves over the life of the plan. Appendix C shows this information analysed across individual reserves.

Proposed Use of Reserves

	£m
Projected reserves at the 1st April 2015.	33.318
Amount required to support the budget over the life of the medium term financial plan	12.959
The PCCs wish to continue to invest in 3 priority areas, namely, rural, business and cyber crime. The original provision, made in 2014, allowed for annual spending of £2.5m by the Alliance in these areas, over the full life of the MTFP. The balance of funding to continue this work over the next four years is:-	2.000
In order to deliver future savings, capital and revenue investment is likely to be required. Funding this from reserves avoids debt charges on capital expenditure. A provision of £10m was established across the Alliance. The remaining balance relating to Warwickshire's share of the provision is :-	2.600
There is a renewed commitment to Operation Devonport, following a review of its success.	5.000
Reserves remaining at the end of the MTFP period.	10.759

Each year the Treasurer carries out an assessment of the risks facing the Commissioner to determine the minimum level of reserves which the Commissioner needs to continue to hold. This year the assessment is that £7.7m needs to be held to provide adequately for these risks. This is a small increase from previous years, to reflect the increasingly difficult challenge of delivering the level of savings required by the Government's austerity measures in a timely manner. Further details of the risk assessment are included in section 8.

The amount required for general budget support is significant because it provides for higher levels of support in the early years of the plan than would be typical. This reflects the level of uncertainty which appertains to the future resource projections at this stage, and a wish to have greater clarity about the level of resources which will be available before fully implementing any plans to deliver

the savings required over the life of the plan. Currently, only the resource projections for 2015/16 are certain, with no forward guidance on grant levels having been provided by the Government. With the General Election due in May 2015, and a likely Comprehensive Spending Review shortly after that, at this stage, our resource projections are based on a continuation of the policies of the current Coalition Government insofar as they relate to Policing, Justice and Community Safety services.

There remain considerable opportunities to drive out further efficiencies through our joint working with West Mercia. To achieve them, while minimising the impact on the service to the public, will require us to focus on areas like the integration of our ICT systems, with more self-service facilities for the public, and the rationalisation of our estate through the co-location of what have hitherto been separate teams within West Mercia and Warwickshire. This creates the need for a significant provision for invest to save initiatives.

7. The Capital Budget

The Commissioners for Warwickshire and West Mercia are proposing the following capital budget over the next five years, the consequences of which are incorporated into their respective Medium Term Financial Plans.

Expenditure	2015/16 (Including slippage from 2014/15) £m	2016/17 £m	2017/18 £m	2018/19 £m	2019/20 £m	Total £m
ICT Bringing Offenders to Justice*	1.800	0	0	0		1.800
ICT Specialist Policing*	0.991	0	0	0		0.991
ICT Business Support*	3.351	1.360	0.995	1.050	1.050	7.806
Total ICT	6.142	1.360	0.995	1.050	1.050	10.597
West Mercia Estate Strategy	1.508	0.238	0.031	0		1.777
Warwickshire Estate Strategy	0.528	0	0	0	0	0.528
West Mercia OCC	1.000	8.700	4.500	0		14.200
Warwickshire OCC	0.560	1.246	0.407	0.048		2.261
Total Estates	3.596	10.184	4.938	0.048		18.766
West Mercia Fleet	1.462	1.500	1.550	1.600	1.650	7.762
Warwickshire Fleet,	1.034	1.032	1.050	1.100	1.150	5.366
Total Fleet	2.496	2.532	2.600	2.700	2.800	13.128
Totals	12.234	14.076	8.533	3.798	3.850	42.491

Those items marked with an asterisk () are charged to the respective Commissioners in the proportion 31% to Warwickshire and 69% to West Mercia, reflecting the respective size of the two Police Forces.

Note: May not sum due to rounding

A full list of proposed capital projects is included at appendix D, although, with the introduction of a new capital planning process, this will be kept under regular and more challenging review by the Commissioners, and may vary significantly during the course of 2015/16

The proposed programme reflects the priorities of the two Commissioners to achieve full integration of services and systems of operation across the Alliance as quickly as possible. As mentioned earlier, this is key to unlocking the full savings potential of the Alliance.

The expected funding of the programme is outlined below. In order to minimise future borrowing, where underspendings occur in revenue budgets, through early delivery of savings, consideration will be given to using these to fund capital expenditure in lieu of borrowing, where it is prudent to do so.

Funding	2015/16 £m	2016/17 £m	2017/18 £m	2018/19 £m	2019/20 £m	Total £m
Capital Receipts	2.150	2.400	2.976	0.993	0	8.519
Home Office General Capital Grant	2.966	2.667	1.655	2.715	3.131	13.134
Borrowing	7.118	9.009	3.902	0.090	0.719	20.838
Totals	12.234	14.076	8.533	3.798	3.850	42.491

8. Treasurer's Statement on the Soundness of the Budget and the Adequacy of Reserves

In considering the MTFP, the Commissioner needs to consider the level of reserves for which it provides. This will, in part, be governed by known or likely commitments, and, in part, by his appetite for risk.

In setting the level of reserves I would suggest that the following issues should be taken into account:-

- a. The possibility of savings targets not being met. I would suggest no provision in reserves for this, but, if this approach is taken, the Commissioner is recognising that any failure to deliver savings through the Strategic Alliance will have to be compensated for, potentially, by service reductions.
- b. Possible delays in the delivery of savings. In previous years the Force has missed its in-year savings target, but has covered the shortfall from in-year underspends. While no presumption of in year underspending should be made, because, having agreed the budget, the Commissioner authorises

its spending, the record of the Force is of consistent delivery of underspending. This is typical of organisations with strong budget management arrangements. Delays in the delivery of savings are very likely to occur, particularly in relation to the Strategic Alliance. It has become clear in the current year that as the Government's austerity programme progresses, savings become increasingly difficult to agree, as, perhaps inevitably, they involve ever more integration of the two Forces, and there has been evidence of this in relation to two significant savings proposals in 2014/15. I am, therefore, recommending an increase in the level of reserves held to cover potential delays in the delivery of savings from the £2.5m held in 2014/15 (which equates to £0.5m per annum, net of underspends) to £5m (which equates to £1m per annum).

- c. The need to provide cover for "extraordinary" events or investigations, such as Operation Westbere, recognising that these would be likely to attract Special Police Grant (for costs in excess of 1% of the budget). A prudent provision would be for two such events over a five year period, which would require a provision of £1.8m.
- d. The level of self-insurance we provide to minimise our insurance premiums. Potential insurance liabilities can vary significantly across years, and it is suggested that any costs falling here should be met from a general contingency provision (see item 10 below).
- e. Any additional delivery costs of the Strategic Alliance. These may be capital (e.g. IT costs), but capital costs have a revenue impact. Until the capital costs are determined, the revenue consequences cannot be. An alternative, and one with no marginal cost, would be to absorb any revenue impact by cash-limiting the capital programme and deferring schemes to accommodate any Strategic Alliance spending requirements. There is a specific provision in reserves to cover invest to save schemes, so no additional provision is recommended here.
- f. The risk on inflation, especially on pay. With the economy looking to continue grow there may be some upward pressure on pay inflation. This is starting to look increasingly possible within the life of the plan. No specific provision is recommended at this stage, but this will be kept under review. Despite recent falls in the price of oil, utility costs remain a risk, but no specific provision is likely to be required.

- g. The budget includes assumptions made around part time police officer working. These changes reduce the Police Officer budget in line with the levels of part time working. If all these officers then decided to return to full-time work this would lead to a budget pressure. History suggests that this is unlikely so no specific provision is likely to be required, however the risk remains.
- h. The income budget has been reviewed and revised for the second year running, to reflect a reassessment of the base budget. Most income received is demand led and therefore hard to forecast, and it can fluctuate. There is a risk should income levels fall below expectations. No specific cover in reserves is recommended, but this should be reviewed in future years.
- i. On the 1st April 2017 all employees who are not members of a pension scheme have to be invited to join. If all these employees joined it would increase our annual costs by £0.5m with a further one-off cost of £0.5m in backdated contributions. While it is not expected that all employees will take the opportunity to enrol in a pension scheme any increase in membership increases the cost to the organisation. At this stage no provision is recommended, but the position should be reviewed closer to the due date.
- j. There should be a general contingency provision for unknowns. Assessing a prudent level for this is impossible, but would be unlikely to be less than 1% of net revenue expenditure, around £0.9m.

The aggregate cost of those elements which it is feasible to estimate is £7.7m. The additional impact of some of those which cannot be estimated, such as higher pay increases, could prove to be significant. The Authority does not necessarily have to provide money in reserves for each of these elements individually, unless they are certain to occur, as one contingency can provide for several possible events, provided that all of the events are unlikely to occur together. However, it does need to give realistic consideration to the likelihood of their occurring during the period covered by the plan, and it does need to provide explicitly for those which are certain to occur.

Given the relatively low aggregate sum involved, it is recommended that a minimum level of £7.7m is provided in reserves.

Provided that this sum is available at all times within reserves, I am satisfied that this budget is soundly based and adequately provides for the risks facing the Commissioner.

Summary of Warwickshire Grant Settlement

The provisional Police Funding Settlement was announced by the Government on 17th December 2014. The details were as follows:

2014/15	Funding Stream	2015/16	Change
£ m		£ m	%
33.248	Police Grant (including Community Support Grant	31.214	-6.12
18.115	Revenue Support Grant	17.525	-3.25
5.154	Legacy Council Tax Grants (freeze grants and plus council tax support grant)	5.154	0.00
56.517	Total	53.893	-4.64

In addition, the Police and Crime Commissioner has received notification of the following indicative grant allocations for Victims Service Commissioning and Restorative Justice from the Ministry of Justice.

Grant Allocation	£ million
Victims Services Commissioning	0.464
Restorative Justice	0.123
Total	0.588

Warwickshire Police & Crime Commissioner
Subjective analysis of income and expenditure

Expenditure - Detail	Original Estimate 2014/15 £m	Original Estimate 2015/16 £m
Police pay and overtime	34.767	37.424
Staff pay	21.266	22.186
Police National Insurance	2.977	3.007
Staff National Insurance	1.508	1.502
Police Pension	7.977	8.057
Staff Pension	2.466	2.373
Police pension scheme	1.005	1.015
Allowances	1.804	1.822
Relocation, recruitment, training and travel	0.439	0.411
Other employee costs	0.521	0.526
Total Employees	74.730	78.323
Premises	3.571	3.540
Transport	2.524	2.238
Supplies & Services	8.729	8.958
Third Party Payments	4.401	5.287
Loan interest	1.187	1.187
Minimum revenue provision	1.734	1.350
GROSS EXPENDITURE	96.875	100.883
Income		
Government & Overseas Funding	-0.396	-0.941
Local Government Specific / Partnership Funding	-0.044	0.000
Sales, Fees, Charges & Rents	-0.444	-0.493
Special Police Services	-0.160	0.000
Reimbursed Services - Inter Force	-0.146	-0.155
Reimbursed Services - Other Public Bodies	-0.936	-0.927
Reimbursed Services - Other	-1.882	-2.178
Interest / Investment Income	-0.101	-0.101
Reimbursed Services - Sources of income from other forces	-1.000	-1.000
TOTAL INCOME	-5.108	-5.795
NET EXPENDITURE	91.767	95.088

Warwickshire Police & Crime Commissioner
Objective analysis of income and expenditure

	2014/15 £'m	2015/16 £'m	Variance £'m	% change %
Enabling Services				
Buildings	3.287	2.852	-0.435	-13.23%
Corporate Communications	0.302	0.296	-0.006	-1.99%
Business Support Services	0.000	0.582	0.582	-
Estates Services	1.047	1.622	0.575	54.92%
People Services	2.935	2.755	-0.180	-6.13%
ICT Services	5.079	5.576	0.497	9.79%
Legal Services	0.447	0.441	-0.006	-1.34%
Transport Services	2.342	2.097	-0.245	-10.46%
Civil Disclosure	0.250	0.158	-0.092	-36.80%
Total Enabling Services	15.689	16.379	0.690	4.40%
Finance				
ACPO	0.587	0.575	-0.012	-2.04%
Corporate Finance	3.665	3.457	-0.208	-5.68%
Accounting	0.435	0.589	0.154	35.40%
Contracts and procurement	1.038	0.979	-0.059	-5.68%
Resource Management	1.055	0.268	-0.787	-74.60%
Performance and business change	0.724	0.803	0.079	10.91%
Total Finance	7.504	6.671	-0.833	-11.10%
Local Policing				
Operational Support	12.392	12.476	0.084	0.68%
Territorial Policing	34.281	33.349	-0.932	-2.72%
Devonport	0.000	2.500	2.500	-
Total Local Policing	46.673	48.325	1.652	3.54%
Protective Services				
Head of Protective Services	0.457	0.446	-0.011	-2.41%
Crime Management	0.120	0.164	0.044	36.67%
Forensics	1.702	2.228	0.526	30.90%
Major investigations Unit	1.448	2.162	0.714	49.31%
Operations	6.767	6.748	-0.019	-0.28%
Protecting vulnerable people	3.165	3.506	0.341	10.77%
Specialist Operations	7.011	6.246	-0.765	-10.91%
Total Protective Services	20.670	21.500	0.830	4.02%
Secondments	-0.629	0.000	0.629	-100.00%
Total Force	89.904	92.875	2.971	3.30%
OPCC	0.904	0.904	0.000	0.00%
Commissioners Grant Scheme	0.959	0.959	0.000	0.00%
Victims Commissioning	0.000	0.350	0.350	-
Crime Prevention and Reduction	-	-	-	-
Total PCC	1.863	2.213	0.350	18.79%
Grand Total	91.767	95.088	3.321	3.62%

Warwickshire Police & Crime Commissioner
Warwickshire reserves

	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Budget reserve	14.769	7.363	3.952	2.060	2.059
Rural, business and cyber crime	2.000	1.500	1.000	0.500	0.500
Invest to save and Innovation fund	2.100	1.100	0.500	0.500	0.500
General Reserves	7.700	7.700	7.700	7.700	7.700
Total Reserves	26.569	17.663	13.152	10.760	10.759

WARWICKSHIRE & WEST MERCIA POLICE CAPITAL BUDGET 2015 - 2020						Appendix D
EXTERNAL Capital Project Description	Proposed PCC Budget 2015/16 (incl 2014-15 slippage)	Proposed PCC Budget 2016/17	Proposed PCC Budget 2017/18	Proposed PCC Budget 2018/19	Proposed PCC Budget 2019/20	
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Projects With Formal Agreement &/or Business Approval:						
Single Crime Management	50.0	-	-	-	-	
Integrated Crime Management (Athena)	600.0	-	-	-	-	
NSPIS Ca Cu Replacement (Athena)	1,000.0	-	-	-	-	
Digital File Builder	100.0	-	-	-	-	
Crash	50.0	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL - BRINGING OFFENDERS TO JUSTICE	1,800.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
SPECIALIST POLICING						
Projects With Formal Agreement &/or Business Approval:						
Clio	10.0	-	-	-	-	
Compact	9.4	-	-	-	-	
Pegasus	50.0	-	-	-	-	
Source Management	50.0	-	-	-	-	
COPS	30.0	-	-	-	-	
HOLMES 2	25.0	-	-	-	-	
Integrated Intelligence System (Athena)	400.0	-	-	-	-	
HOLMES 3	135.0	-	-	-	-	
Security Upgrade for Special Branch	50.0	-	-	-	-	
SOCRATES	89.5	-	-	-	-	
Hi Tech Crime Unit	142.0	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL - SPECIALIST POLICING	990.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
BUSINESS SUPPORT						
Projects With Formal Agreement &/or Business Approval:						
Centralised Seized & Found Property	11.2	-	-	-	-	
Social Media Management	1.5	-	-	-	-	
Media Management	123.0	-	-	-	-	
Service Management	20.0	-	-	-	-	
Origin (originally Project Grapevine)	80.0	80.0	-	-	-	
Desktop/Laptops/Winterms	200.0	125.0	85.0	150.0	150.0	
Mobile Devices - Tetra Tabs	75.0	205.0	60.0	100.0	100.0	
Printers/Scanners	100.0	100.0	100.0	150.0	150.0	
Headsets	10.0	10.0	10.0	-	-	
Airwave Radios	40.0	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0	
Servers (include PSN)	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	
SAN/Backup Infrastructure (Storage Area Network)	230.0	250.0	250.0	200.0	200.0	
Network	50.0	50.0	50.0	-	-	
Software Upgrade	230.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	
PSN - Data Network (Virgin Business) - (Public Sector Network)	1,980.0	100.0	-	-	-	
TOTAL - BUSINESS SUPPORT	3,350.7	1,360.0	995.0	1,050.0	1,050.0	
TOTAL - NEW ICT REPLACEMENT & STRATEGY	6,141.6	1,360.0	995.0	1,050.0	1,050.0	
INTERIM ESTATES PLAN						
Projects With Formal Agreement &/or Business Approval:						
Warwickshire SARC - Nuneaton	350.00	-	-	-	-	
Hindlip - Firearms Training School Alterations	1,103.13	220.63	31.25	-	-	
Worcester - SOCO Lab	105.00	5.00	-	-	-	
Shrewsbury - SOCO Lab	112.00	5.00	-	-	-	
Kidderminster - SOCO Lab	187.30	7.20	-	-	-	
Bedworth - SOCO Lab	51.40	1.10	-	-	-	
Stratford - migration Corp Comms, PSD, & Driver Training	127.00	-	-	-	-	
Leek Wootton - Enabling Works / Full Decommission & Migration	560.46	1,246.05	407.26	47.9	-	
Operation Command & Control - Implement Alliance Strategy	1,000.0	8,700.00	4,500.00	-	-	
TOTAL - NEW INTERIM ESTATES PLAN	3,596.3	10,185.0	4,938.5	47.9	0.0	
VEHICLE REPLACEMENT						
WARWICKSHIRE - Vehicle Replacement Programme	1,034.0	1,032.0	1,050.0	1,100.0	1,150.0	
WEST MERCIA - Vehicle Replacement Programme	1,462.0	1,500.0	1,550.0	1,600.0	1,650.0	
Total - BOTH FORCES VEHICLE REPLACEMENT	2,496.0	2,532.0	2,600.0	2,700.0	2,800.0	
ALLIANCE TOTAL EXTERNAL CAPITAL PLAN	12,233.9	14,077.0	8,533.5	3,797.9	3,850.0	

PRUDENTIAL INDICATORS

1. AFFORDABILITY PRUDENTIAL INDICATORS	2014/15 Estimate	2014/15 Forecast Outturn	2015/16 Estimate	2016/17 Estimate	2017/18 Estimate
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Capital Expenditure	12,209	3,742	9,065	7,492	3,663
	%	%	%	%	%
Ratio of financing costs to net revenue stream	2.61	2.36	2.44	3.66	4.23
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
In Year borrowing requirement					
- in year borrowing requirement	10,629	(900)	5,728	3,895	(1,808)
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
In year Capital Financing Requirement	5,168	(1,374)	5,728	3,703	(2,203)
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Capital Financing Requirement 31 March	29,906	22,678	28,406	32,109	29,906
	£	£	£	£	£
Affordable Borrowing Limit					
Increase per council tax payer					
- Position as agreed at March 2014 by the PCC	£0.03		£1.25	£2.32	N/A
- Updated position of the current Capital Programme		(£0.56)	£0.11	£2.21	£1.19
2. TREASURY MANAGEMENT PRUDENTIAL INDICATORS	2014/15 Estimate		2015/16 Estimate	2016/17 Estimate	2017/18 Estimate
	£'000		£'000	£'000	£'000
Authorised limit for external debt					
- Borrowing	40,000		40,000	40,000	40,000
	£'000		£'000	£'000	£'000
Operational boundary for external debt					
- Borrowing	30,000		30,000	30,000	30,000
Upper limit for fixed rate interest exposure					
- net principal re fixed rate borrowing / investments	£40m		£40m	£40m	£40m
Upper limit for variable rate exposure					
- net principal re variable rate borrowing / investments	£5m		£5m	£5m	£5m

Maturity structure of new fixed rate borrowing during 2013/14	Upper Limit	Lower Limit
Under 12 months	100%	0%
12 months and within 24 months	100%	0%
24 months and within 5 years	100%	0%
5 years and within 10 years	100%	0%
10 years and above	100%	0%